

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1913

NO 30

## DEATH OF A. STRAHAN

Succumbs to Heart Failure at an advanced age.

Tuesday morning Mr. Andrew Strahan an aged resident of this village was called to his reward after an illness of only six days.

For a number of years past he has been quite feeble due to the infirmities of age but not until Wednesday evening of last week did any symptoms of disease make themselves manifest. He had seemed as well as usual until about five o'clock when in the act of fixing the fire he suddenly fell to the floor. A doctor was summoned and he pronounced the case one of heart trouble and after lingering for six days, during which time his recovery was at no time expected he quietly passed away.

The deceased was born August 30, 1825 at Rathkenny, Ireland, and was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Strahan in 1851 at New York City. In 1853 they moved to Fond du Lac, Wis., and in 1869 moved with his family to Lake county, Ill., where he lived until the time of his death which occurred at the age of 87 years, 7 months and 1 day.

His wife preceded him in death eight years ago and since that time he has depended upon his daughter for his necessary care. He is survived by four children two sons and two daughters, Samuel and Mrs. Mary Marshall of Antioch; John, of Russell; and Mrs. John Spears of Bagley, Iowa, all of whom were with him at the last.

The funeral services were held this (Thursday) forenoon at eleven o'clock at the home and burial in the cemetery at Hickory.

## MORE RIOTING IN ZION

3000 Crusaders Participate in Riot Wednesday

Religious warfare is again holding the stage at Zion City, and in a riot Wednesday afternoon in which their where more than 3,000 persons, three men were seriously injured, and a score received minor bruises.

The three injuries were the most painful were:

Wright, John, cut and bruised about the head and chest.

McLean, A. B., head and body badly bruised; may have internal injuries.

Rahl, Jesse, eye injured, and other minor bruises.

The riot came as the result of action taken by Marshal John Hoover, when he, with a deputy, F. A. Schneider, stood in the path of the "crusaders," three hundred and fifty strong, all followers of Voliva, when they went to hold their daily prayer meeting and song service in front of the Cook Electrical Company.

When the Marshal attempted to stop the Volivaites a messenger carried the news to Voliva.

"Hole that meeting if any of you are still alive after you reach the factory," was Voliva's order.

The bell on Zion Home called Voliva's fellows and within a quarter of an hour, over a thousand men had gathered. All marched to the factory, and held their meeting, singing, "We're Marching to Zion."

## LAKE VILLA ELECTS THEIR FIRST TOWN OFFICERS

The election in Lake Villa township was important, because it is the first appearance of the township in the county organization. Lake Villa is the new township created last fall by slicing off a piece of Grant and Antioch and John Straton, the first supervisor from the township goes to the board representing a new town which has sprung into existence since the last supervisors' elections in the county.

The entire corps of officers elected as follows:

Supervisor—John Straton.  
Assessor—Eugene A. Wilton.  
Collector—Percy Dibble.  
Clerk—C. W. Talbot.  
Highway Commissioners—George McCride, J. J. Barnstable, Frank M. Hamlin.  
Justice of the Peace—M. S. Miller.  
Lyons B. Congdon.  
Constables—H. Wilt, W. G. Hucker.

Be Glad of Advice.

One should always be glad of advice, and willing to take it into consideration—it is offered in the right spirit.

This does not mean that one must necessarily follow all advice that is offered; that would be worse than taking no advice at all.

I mean that in a difficult situation you should hear what a large number of wise people have to suggest, and then go home quietly and think over all that you have heard, and then make up your own mind.

That's the way to do!—Chicago Tribune.

## FARMERS WIN LONG MILK FIGHT

Organized Producers Say That a Large Fortune Has Been Won

## ALL CONTRACTS CLOSED

All Standard Milk Will Bring \$1.50 Per Hundred For the Summer

The farmers and dairymen have ample reason for feeling jubilant over their recent victory in regard to raising the price of milk for the coming season. That one million dollars has been added to the milk checks of farmers of the Elgin dairy district by the fight of organized producers is the estimate by leaders in the fight for \$1.50 milk.

The fight has proven that the producer can get his rights if he demands them and remains firm, said President Fellows. Borden's company is managed under a new policy now. The company has been the bell weather of the milk business for so many years that all distributors and producers looked to it for guidance as to price. The farmers were the last to realize the change. That explains why producers have not made the present demand before.

The following statement by Albert E. Jack secretary of the Association shows what can be done by sticking together for the ultimate good of all.

"The Milk Producers' Association has made good. For the first time in the history of the milk business of this region, the distributors have been put to confusion. The Berden Company which for years has set the price of milk is no longer the price setter. This company has lost its prestige and has lost a large fraction of its milk."

The association has set the price and maintained the price. From 3-4 to 4-5 of all the milk going into Chicago this summer will go in at approximately our price.

If we did not win everything we sought, we won a great deal. Thanks to the association, our milk this summer will bring us a higher rate than any milk sold east of the Mississippi river. We are receiving from 4 1/2 to 14 cents per 100 pounds more for our milk than are the producers near New York who heretofore have always received from 6 to 10 cents per hundred pounds more than we.

Above all we have proved that we can stand together for our rights and in this there is hope for the future.

The Milk Producers Association is therefore worthy the confidence and support of all milk producers of the county.

Statement by Albert E. Jack.

## RAVEN ATONES FOR OLD SIN

Since Middle Ages One of Its Kind Has Been Confined in Saxony as a Punishment.

There is a new raven in the cage of the historic raven of Merseburg in Prussian Saxony. The number in succession of the new bird is not recorded, but it occupies a place that has held a raven since the middle ages, in consequence of the contrition of a certain knight of Merseburg who condemned to death an innocent man.

Thilo von Trotha was the lord of this section in the middle ages. One day he missed from his room some jewelry, accused a man servant of stealing it and had him beheaded in the courtyard. Before his decapitation the condemned man proclaimed his innocence and said that he would reappear (after death) by raising his arms above his shoulders. Tradition says that he did so.

Some months later the missing jewelry was found in a raven's nest. Thilo von Trotha thereupon ordered that for all time a raven should be kept in the courtyard, and the raven just put into the cage is the successor of that first bird. The arms of the von Trothas have a quartering showing a headless human trunk with the arms raised.

Love and Jealousy.  
Jealousy, at any rate, is one of the consequences of love. You may like it or not at pleasure, but there it is.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

## MAR. WEATHER REPORT

Furnished by J. C. James, the Local Weather Man

Mar. 1913—Warmest day 61 on the 19. Coldest day 8 below on 2 & 7. Average temperature 32.70. Rainfall 2.53 inches. Snowfall 6 1/2 inches.

Mar. 1912—Warmest day 42 on the 17. Coldest day 8 below on the 1st. Average temperature 23.23. Rainfall 1.99 inches. 13 inches snow.

Mar. 1911—Warmest day 74 on the 21st. Coldest day 8 above on the 16th. Average temperature 35.32. Rainfall .23 inches.

Mar. 1910—Warmest day 82 on the 19th. Coldest day 18 above on the 15. Average temperature 45.22. Total rain 5-100 inches.

Mar. 1909—Warmest day 56 on the 26th. Coldest day 9 on the 17th. Average temperature 33.41. Total rain fall 60.100 inches.

Mar. 1908—Warmest day 70 on the 26. Coldest day 15 above on the 9th. Average temperature 35.03. Rainfall 3.36 inches.

Mar. 1907—Warmest day 86 on the 21. Coldest day 18 above on the 16th. Average temperature 42.32. Total rainfall 65.100 inches.

Mar. 1906—Warmest day 60 on the 1st. Coldest day 4 above on the 23rd. Average temperature 27.15. Total rainfall 60.100 inch.

Mar. 1905—Warmest day 77 on the 28. Coldest day 9 above on the 13. Average temperature 37.99. Total rainfall 2.65 inch.

Mar. 1904—Warmest day 57 on the 25th. Coldest day 10 above on the 3rd. Average temperature 31.64 above. Rainfall 5.20 inches 10 inches of snow.

Mar. 1903—Warmest day 75 on the 18. Coldest day 12 above on 1st. Average temperature 40.52. Rainfall 2.60 inch.

Mar. 1902—Warmest day 66 on the 26. Coldest day 4 above on the 17th. Average temperature 33.83. Total rainfall 1.05 inches.

## DECLARES IDEAL RACE TRACK IS TO BE OPENED UP

Is the ideal race track at Russell, Lake county, to be opened up for racing?

Here's what the Kenosha News says about it:

Kenosha county is to have another taste of the racing game as it is reported on good authority that Ideal park, the famous old race track down by the state line near the village of Russell is to be opened again this season and within a few days men will be put to work scraping off the grass which for a decade has been growing over the track and fences and grand stands will be restored in time for a racing meet in the early summer. E. H. Schultz, formerly of Kenosha, has taken the lease on the property and he plans to have the track in shape for use in the next thirty days. Experts who have examined the track declare that it can be put in first class condition by simply scraping off the sod.

## TWO NEW FACES ON BOARD OF SUPERVISORS THIS YEAR

In connection with Tuesday's elections one fact of interest was brought out, via, that every supervisor who was out for re-election succeeded in landing the honor. Their names being: E. L. Simons, Antioch; Hiram W. Ferry, Benton; H. C. W. Moyers, Fremont; Jas. G. Welch, Russell; James F. King, Shields; Edward Conrad, Waukegan.

Only two new faces will appear on the board this year, John Stratton from the new township of Lake Villa and A. T. White, Avon, successor to Henry C. Edwards who voluntarily quit and was not out for re-election.

The new board will organize in a short time and already the contest for the chairmanship has begun.

## Adopting One's Parents.

If a woman will adopt, parents are the best material for the purpose. They will not be inebriated; from the days when from the vantage of my high chair I clamored sharply with my spoon for attention, and received it, have they not been carefully trained in the docility befitting all good American parents? Nor, being in their safe and sober sixties, are they likely to blossom into naughtiness, large or small, so that the folk will shoot out their tongues at me, sneering, "Pray is this the best you can do in the way of imparting a bringing-up?"—And how much better than an adopted husband are an adopted father and mother! They will not go about tapping cigar ashes over my maidens' prejudices; they will tread gingerly and not make a horrid mess of my very best emotions. Yes; to all ladies about to adopt, I recommend parents.—From the Atlantic.

## DRY ZONE BILL IS BEFORE HOUSE

Representative H. A. Foster, Introduced the Bill before the House

## BACKED BY REV. QUAYLE

If It Becomes a Law It Will Drive All the Saloons Out of Waukegan and North Chicago

Representative H. A. Foster introduced the bill before the House at Springfield Friday which provides for a five mile anti-saloon zone about the naval station, North Chicago.

This is the bill which was designed and which is backed by the Lake County Law and Order League, and in whose interests Secretary Rev. Thos. Quayle of the Law and Order League, has been lobbying at Springfield.

It is estimated that, in case the measure becomes a law, it would drive sixty saloons out of business in North Chicago and Waukegan, although it is believed that there are really more than sixty in the two cities at the present time. But no matter what the number, the bill would drive them all out of business in case it becomes a law.

The Foster bill was given its first reading and from now on will be waged the bitter fight between the dries and wets who respectively seek its passage and its defeat.

The new bill, in case it becomes a law, would supersede the present famous mile and an eighth bill which was passed a few years ago, a bill which established a mile and an eighth dry zone about government reservations, hitting Fort Sheridan and the Naval Training station. That famous bill drove the saloons from Highwood and had the result of completely transforming the map of North Chicago, for as a result of the saloons being chased from North Chicago, the whole business district of the city was also changed, being moved to the north.

In case this new five mile law becomes operative, it means that all the saloons in North Chicago and Waukegan will be driven out of business. The five mile point north of the naval station would bring the nearest point at which a saloon may be operated, about a mile north of Waukegan. Thus, if the bill becomes operative, it would mean that there would be a rush to get county permission to run saloons at the point nearest the dead line and thus, a radical change in that particular line of business would be seen in that locality.

The fact is that the anti saloon interests have been working long and very quietly on this measure, and according to inside information, they believe they have matters well in hand even now upon the presentation of the bill has aged very much. The saloon interests however, are not inactive and they also are waging a battle to prevent the passage of this bill, which they declare, is unreasonable and some go even so far as to claim it is unconstitutional, interfering with the personal rights of people of a wide territory.

There is no doubt but this measure will characterize any measure within the present legislature will consider. The two forces are strong and mighty and neither will bend an inch in the effort to carry their point.

## For Gentlemen in Hard Luck.

Because he once was put down and out by the non-appearance of a fleet of merchantmen, Sir John Morden, an English Turkey trader, was so overjoyed when the argosy showed up some years later and made him a rich man that he established a home, where it was his wish that gentlemen who found themselves financially embarrassed might find shelter. That was in the year 1700 or thereabouts. Now the trustees of the institution are advertising for inmates. Those eligible are wholesale traders who by accident or misfortune are in need. There are certain provisions.

## Don't Be Like That.

Some people are like low-grade ore. They have gold in them, but so imbedded that it isn't worth the trouble of getting it out.

## DEATH FROM PNEUMONIA

Niels Larson, Died at His Home Here Friday Night

On Friday night of last week at the hour of 10:30 o'clock occurred the death of Niels Larson of this place, the cause being a severe case of pneumonia from which he had been suffering for about two weeks.

The deceased was born in Aaby, Denmark on the 3 day of May, 1849, and died on the 28 day of March, 1913, at the age of 63 years, 10 months and 25 days. He was united in marriage to Miss Annie Marie Nelson in the year of 1882 and together they came to this country arriving here May 14, 1882.

To this union ten children were born, four of whom died in infancy. Those remaining with the mother to mourn his loss are, Tena of Los Angeles, Cal., Mrs. Fred Pearce of Spring Grove, Annie of Whitewater, Wis., Nina, Ella and Artie of Antioch.

The funeral services were held at the M. E. church Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with Rev. Stixrud officiating and interment in the family lot in the Antioch Hillside cemetery.

## HELD BY HYPNOTIC SPELL

Advertisement in Tribune Leads to Sub Whom Doctors Tried in Test

Suspicion that hypnotic suggestion made years ago might still be "working" prompted Miss Elizabeth Campbell, a student at Lake Forest school, to answer a Tribune personal last week. This was the advertisement:

"Personal—Wanted—The address of Mr. Henry Johnson, who was a subject of hypnotic experiments before medical men in Chicago several years ago in Chicago."

The advertisement caught Miss Campbell's eye, and she recalled a mysterious visitor to her residence in Waukegan three weeks. The visitor said he was Dr. Harry Johnson, of one of the largest Chicago hospitals, but that he was engaged temporarily in the renovating of feathers. He was given the contract of cleaning the household's feathers. Also \$2.50. The feathers were not aided materially, she says.

But what she noticed was a wild gleam in the connoisseur's eyes, which her mother and brother also observed and commented on. The boy avoided looking at him, and said he believed Johnson was trying to hypnotize him. Between glances and passes at the feathers the visitor chatted generously, confiding that he had an automobile and a yacht. He was not intoxicated. He was seen later at other Waukegan residences, but has not been spotted lately.

In connection with the foregoing article clipped from a Chicago paper it may be of interest to our readers to know that Dr. Henry Johnson therein mentioned made a thorough canvass of our village a little over a week ago, his purpose being to renovate feather beds and pillows. He was quite insistent at each place, he visited but those who gave him work claim that the feathers received no benefit from the treatment. Here too he claimed to be a doctor and many claimed to have been alarmed at his peculiarly gleaming eyes.

## QUICK THOUGHT, WITH NERVE

Incident That Shows Modern Young Man Is Quite Able to Look Out for Himself.

A certain literary man, possessor of the learned degree of doctor, used to take his midday luncheon at a well-known West End cafe in London. One wet day the place was less fully attended than usual, and the miserable state of the weather induced most of the visitors to seek their various employments as speedily as possible. While proceeding to follow their example, the doctor was astonished to find, in place of his shabby and weather-beaten head covering, a stylish tall hat, shining with sparkling brilliancy.

He could only attribute this quaint magical change to the delicate attention of some friend, and hastened to display the acquisition, with no little pride, to his family. The next day a young man accosted him at the cafe and politely remarked:

"Doctor, allow me to claim my hat and to apologize for the apparent mistake. The fact was, however, I had no umbrella, and you had one. I did not know what to do to prevent my new hat being spoilt in the rain, and, as I knew yours could not be made much worse than it is, I borrowed it, and now return it, with thanks."

## Cooling Off Below.

Uncle Eben says: "There would be a whole lot more trouble in this world if some of the hotheads didn't get cold feet."



## ANTIOCH NEWS

A. R. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH

ILLINOIS

## PAGE NAMED ENVOY

NEW YORK EDITOR APPOINTED UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR TO ENGLAND.

### WILL AWAIT CONFIRMATION

New Minister Will Start for London as Soon as Upper House Confirms Nomination—Is Member of Doubleday, Page & Co.

Washington, April 2.—Walter H. Page of Garden City, L. I., editor of World's Work, and a member of the firm of Doubleday, Page & Co., publishers, accepted President Wilson's offer to be ambassador to Great Britain Monday.

Mr. Page was born in Cary, a small town in North Carolina, in 1855. He was first educated at Randolph-Macon college, a Methodist institution at Ashland, Va., and later was a fellow at Johns Hopkins university, following much the same course there as that made famous by Woodrow Wilson.

Before graduating at Johns Hopkins he entered journalism, in which he has been conspicuous for many years. His first important editorship was that of the Forum, which lasted from 1890 to 1895. Then he was literary adviser to Houghton Mifflin company for four years.

During the three years prior to the founding of the publishing house of Doubleday, Page & Co., in 1899, he was editor of the Atlantic Monthly. Since then he has edited his own magazine, World's Work.

Dr. Page, as he prefers to be called, has been one of the leaders on the "back-to-the-country" movement, and his firm was one of the first in this country to establish a garden city for its employees.

His home outside of New York city has been the rendezvous for distinguished literary men for a decade or more, and he has been treated as one of the most forceful publicists in the country.

Mr. Page said that if the senate confirmed his appointment he would leave immediately for London. The senate meets April 7 and the Page appointment will be one of the first to come before it. Mr. Page did not show any apprehension that there might be unfavorable action on his name.

### MEXICAN GOVERNOR IS SLAIN

Abraham Gonzalez, Constitutional Executive of Chihuahua, Mex., Thrown Under Wheels of Train.

El Paso, Tex., April 2.—Abraham Gonzalez, constitutional governor of Chihuahua and former minister of interior under President Madero, was thrown beneath the wheels of a train Monday at Mapula, a small station south of Chihuahua by Diaz-Huerta army officers in charge of the escort conducting him to Mexico City, according to an investigation made by friends in El Paso of the murdered man.

The governor's body was almost cut in twain by the car wheels, but as this did not instantly kill him, one of the officers drew a revolver and shot him as he lay writhing in agony through the head.

Shortly after the Diaz-Huerta coup d'etat in Mexico City, Gonzalez, loyal to the constitutional government, was arrested in Chihuahua by General Antonio Rabago. He was held prisoner for some time and then came an order for his removal to the City of Mexico.

When the special train carrying the governor reached Torreon it halted and on an order from a state court in Chihuahua, started back towards Chihuahua. Lieutenant Colonel Camarena, commanding the Diaz-Huerta escort, was in communication with General Huerta by wire during the stay at Torreon and it is thought that here he received direct orders from the general to "dispose" of Gonzalez.

### WILSON RECEIVES FIRST PAY

Chief Executive Is Handed Treasury Warrant for \$5,625, His Salary for March.

Washington, April 2.—Woodrow Wilson received his first pay check as president of the United States Monday when Secretary McAdoo presented him with a treasury warrant for \$5,625, representing his salary from March 4 to 31. The president is the only official whose salary is paid by the treasury department. Vice-President Marshall received from the secretary of the senate the portion he has so far earned of his \$12,000 annual compensation.

Saloons Closed in Cairo, Cairo, Ill., April 2.—The city flood committee issued an order Monday closing all saloons and retail stores, with the exception of bakeries and drug stores. Many merchants are moving their stocks to second stories.

Engineer Began to Die, St. Paul, Minn., April 2.—Pinned against the hot boiler of his engine, George Murphy of St. Paul, a Northern Pacific engineer, for three-quarters of an hour begged policemen and firemen to kill him Monday.

## DAYTON DEATHS FEWER THAN 150

Work of Clearing City of Wreckage Is Begun.

### HUNGRY ARE BEING FED

Ninety Bodies Have Been Taken From Ruins by State Troops and Volunteer Force—Seventeen Looters Shot.

### LATEST ESTIMATE OF DEAD.

The latest reports show the following deaths:

OHIO.	
Dayton .....	150
Columbus .....	56
Hamilton .....	60
Miamisburg .....	60
Tiffin .....	18
Chillicothe .....	18
Middletown .....	14
Piqua .....	13
Grand total .....	429

INDIANA.	
Penn .....	20
Brookville .....	16
Fort Wayne .....	6
Terre Haute .....	4
Washington .....	4
Frankfort .....	2
Logansport .....	1
Lushville .....	1
Indiana total .....	59
Grand total .....	488

Dayton, O., March 31.—Dayton has begun the reconstruction of the city following the flood disaster. The waters of the four streams which overflowed the city have receded so far that it is possible to penetrate on foot all except a few of the sections of the city.

The work of rescue is practically finished, the last of the refugees having been taken to places of safety. Most of the bodies in the limits of the city itself have been found and search for others is being made farther down the river.

### Ninety Bodies Recovered.

Ninety bodies have been recovered, and it is estimated that the total number of deaths will not be more than 150. With the recovery of the bodies ended, removal of the wreckage of the flood was begun by the state troops, the local authorities, and the volunteers.

### Hungry Are Being Fed.

The relief measures are now so well in hand that the hungry in all quarters are being fed, clothing and medical aid supplied, and all pressing wants being met. These conditions are due to the generous response of the nearby towns and cities as well as distant points.

The identified dead so far number 50, with 40 unidentified. The dead are being removed to improvised morgues in different quarters of the city.

### Seventeen Looters Shot.

Seventeen men have been shot and killed in the streets of Dayton as ghouls and looters since the declaration of martial law. Ten were killed between darkness Saturday night and daylight Sunday morning. Nine were negroes and the tenth a white man, the only white man of the 17 whose crimes brought instant death as punishment.

George F. Burba, secretary to Governor Cox, who represents the governor in relief work here, summed up the situation in Dayton as follows:

Forty thousand persons must be fed and cared for a week.

### 25,000 Are Destitute.

Twenty thousand persons must be fed and cared for for an indefinite period.

Except for the clothes on their backs they are absolutely destitute. They must eventually be financed as they can resume housekeeping.

Fifteen thousand houses must be cleaned and plastered.

Two thousand are wrecked or must be torn down and destroyed.

Untold thousands of tons of debris, wreckage of all kinds, must be carted away.

The bodies of 1,500 horses and other animals must be removed and incinerated.

### Recover 52 at Columbus.

Columbus, Ohio, March 31.—Twenty additional bodies were recovered here Sunday from the debris. Several of these, however, were later identified as citizens previously reported dead, hence the Columbus list of flood victims still remains at 67.

Sixty-two bodies have now been recovered and taken to various morgues. Many are still reported missing.

A large squad of men are working on the various railroads clearing away the debris and have succeeded in patching up the big break in the levee which caused the disaster on the west side.

### Piqua-Troy Deaths.

Sidney, Ohio, March 31.—Flood waters that engulfed Troy and Piqua are receding, and the survivors in both cities are taking a more hopeful

view of the future, even though typhoid epidemic prevails. It is believed that the number of drownings at Piqua will not exceed 20 and the deaths in Troy will number about the same.

Piqua has 2,500 homeless.

Indiana's Dead Totals 60.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 31.—Sixty lives are known to have been lost in Indiana's flood which has almost disappeared in central portions of the state and smaller cities along the Ohio river.

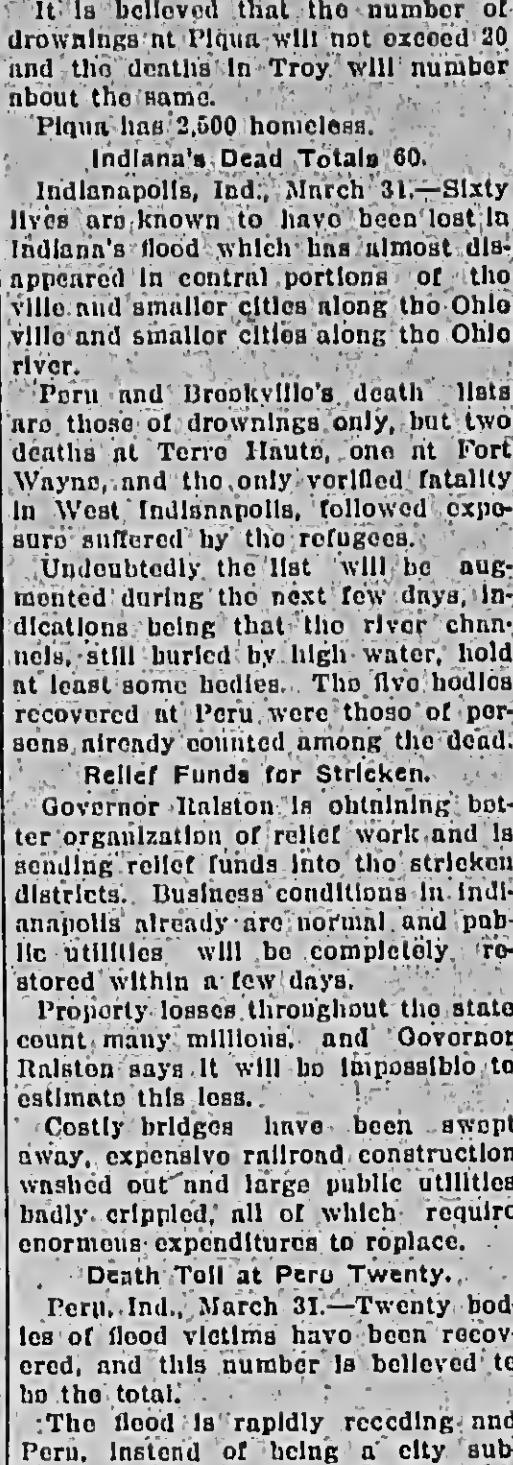
Penn and Brookville's death lists are those of drownings only, but two deaths at Terre Haute, one at Fort Wayne, and the only verified fatality in West Indianapolis, followed exposure suffered by the refugees.

Undoubtedly the list will be augmented during the next few days, indications being that the river channels, still buried by high water, hold at least some bodies. The five bodies recovered at Penn were those of persons already counted among the dead.

Relief Funds for Stricken.

Governor Hatton is obtaining better organization of relief work and is sending relief funds into the stricken districts. Business conditions in Indianapolis already are normal and public utilities will be completely restored within a few days.

## THE LATE J. PIERPONT MORGAN AND HIS SON



From photograph taken only a few months before the demise of the great financier.

## J. PIERPONT MORGAN IS DEAD AT ROME

King of Financiers Succumbs to Infirmities of Age.

### STOCK MARKET NOT AFFECTED

End Had Been Expected, and Care Taken That Shock to Money Centers Should Be of Little Weight.

Career of Magnate a Succession of Triumph.

Rome, Italy.—John Pierpont Morgan, the world's greatest financier, died at the Grand hotel March 31.

At the bedside at the time of death were Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, the financier's son-in-law and daughter, and three attending physicians.

The body, after appropriate religious ceremonies, was embalmed and transferred to Naples for shipment to America.

It is needless to say that the firm of J. Pierpont Morgan and Company is the greatest in the country, and that its branches in European centers are powerful in the money markets of those places. J. P. Morgan is a name that is instantly associated by old and young alike with money—great stacks of gold. And then the everlastingly superficial nature of people busy with their own affairs considers neither the name nor the man any further.

This estimate of the man never did him justice. It often causes adverse criticism, for his money was often attacked. His organization of giant corporations has furnished the most strenuous example of bitter attack, both on political platform and in the public press. This is all a matter of opinion, and at this time is carefully excluded.

Morgan did organize giant corporations. He extended railroads, he opened new territories, he made possible commerce, which in all reason had to be enlarged by some man consistent with the growth of the country and population. Curious as it may seem, however, the more clamor there was against his methods the more he was held in esteem by writers of note and education, who had occasion to review his works.

At one time English capitalists, seeing a favorable opportunity through adverse conditions in this country to grab the West Shore railroad, thereby establishing a footing for a still greater grab, asked Morgan to act as their agent, in that manner covering the identity of those who were to be the real owners. Morgan turned down an opportunity of making several millions by refusing. Then he saved the railroad to American ownership by taking it over himself, quietly, and quickly turned it over to the New York Central by perpetual lease.

At another time he discovered that the country was being depleted of gold by a clique of men who were amassing great wealth by shipping it to Europe. He stopped the leak, reorganized the system of shipment and was then made the subject of a congressional investigation, which should more properly have been made of the clique he broke. He clearly and conclusively answered every question that was put to him by the investigators.

Secretary Garrison concluded his report with the announcement that he would go to Columbus today to hold a conference with Governor Cox, after which he would go back to Cincinnati and return to Washington Tuesday.

C. L. Magee, secretary of the American Red Cross society said the fund collected for the flood sufferers had reached the sum of \$302,810.64.

Drilling Them In.

Wright—I see that electrically-driven drills have been invented for surgical operations on the human skull.

Pomman—Do not despair, old man, they'll succeed in making people see your jokes yet.

### One Phase of It.

"Here is a theorist who says that lions think like human beings."

"I don't know about that, but I do know some human beings who cackle like lions."

### The Real Kind.

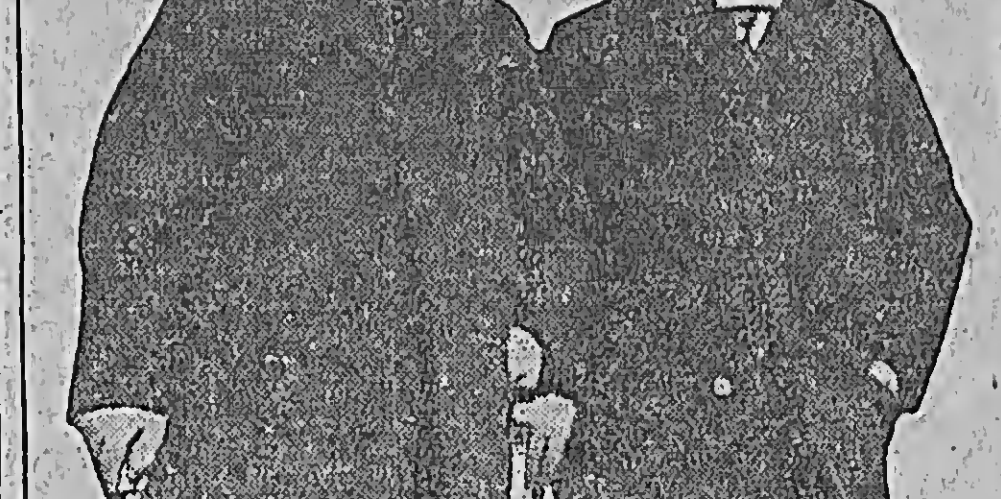
"I have quite a valuable collection of autographs."

"Whose are they?"

"They are those of my creditors and receipts."

## OH! MY BACK!

A stubborn backache that hangs on, week after week, is sure to be suspect—kidney trouble, for the kidneys are the main organs of the back, and when they are weak, the back aches, bends, and the whole system suffers. It's hard to work and hard to rest or sleep. Doan's Kidney Pills relieve the aching kidneys—relieve the backache, the trouble disappears, even in the most stubborn cases. Pimples, blotches and red, sore, blotchy faces and sallowly yield to Resinol.

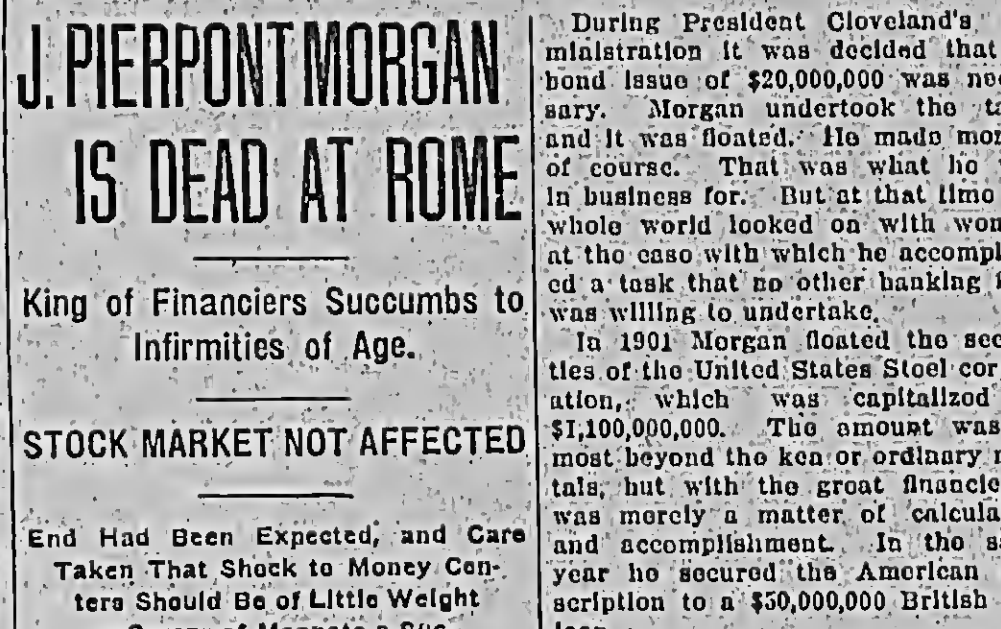


Get Doan's at Any Store or by Mail. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York.

## RESINOL STOPS SKIN TROUBLES

If you have eczema, ringworm or other itching, burning, unsightly skin trouble, try Resinol. It cures quickly the itching, stops the trouble disappears, even in the most stubborn cases. Pimples, blotches and red, sore, blotchy faces and sallowly yield to Resinol. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap cure skin humors, sores, boils, scalds, cold-sores, chafing and all. Prescribed by physicians for years. All drug stores sell Resinol (25c) and Resinol Ointment (5c). Sent by parcel post or order of price. For sample of each write to Dept. 6-K, Resinol Chem. Co., Baltimore, Md.

### SAD PREDICAMENT.



"I have come to ask your daughter's wing."

"Alas Mr. Drake, I'm afraid you will have to wait until some new one grows in. The farmer clipped our wings this morning."

### No Little Girl for Him.

The six-year-old son of a well-known Indianapolis family attends a dancing school. He is a chubby little fellow who has not begun to stretch out yet and he keenly feels his "shortage."

He demands that he be recognized as a "little grow-up." Several days ago the teacher planned to instruct her pupils in dancing "the Butterfly."

A five-year-old girl who is small for her age, and just a trifle stouter than our hero, but an adept at dancing, was assigned as his partner. He gazed at her in silence. Then he took hold of her hand and, with his mouth set firmly, walked straight over to the teacher.

"Don't you think you'd better give me a bigger girl?" he asked.—Indianapolis News.

### FLY TO PIECES.

The Effect of Coffee on Highly Organized People.

"I have been a coffee user for years, and about two years ago got into a very serious condition of dyspepsia and indigestion. It seemed to me I would fly to pieces. I was so nervous that at the least noise I was distressed, and many times could not straighten myself up because of the pain."

Tea is just as injurious, because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.

"My physician told me I must not eat any heavy or strong food, and ordered a diet, giving me some medicine. I followed directions carefully, but kept on using coffee and did not get any better."

"Last winter my husband, who was away on business, had Postum served to him in the family where he boarded. He liked it so well that when he came home he brought some with him. We began using it and I found it most excellent."

"While I drank it my stomach never bothered me in the least, and I got over my nervous troubles. When the Postum was gone we returned to coffee, then my stomach began to hurt me as before, and the nervous conditions came on again."

"That showed me exactly what was the cause of the whole trouble, so I quit drinking coffee altogether and kept on using Postum. The old troubles left again and have never returned."

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the "Little Book," "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

The greatest part of this collection is now to be seen in the Metropolitan Museum of Art.



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He faced every moment. He sobbed  
and sobbed as he told his tale  
of death and desolation; of floating  
decks bearing men, women and  
children doomed to death; of dead  
bodies borne upon the crest of the wa-  
ter; of piteous sights, in themselves  
enough to unnerve the bravest of men.  
It was stuck to his post.

Surgeon Tells Graphic Story.  
Dr. Ray B. Harris, a police surgeon  
at Dayton, Ohio, and one of the chief  
workers among the injured immedi-  
ately after the cyclone, told a graphic  
story of the sufferings of the hun-  
dreds who were hurt.

"When we began to collect the bod-  
ies we realized for the first time the  
terrible state of affairs," said the phy-  
sician. "It was a gruesome task  
as I ever worked at. Some of the  
bodies were twisted into frightful  
shapes and some had pieces of  
wreckage, wood and iron-driven  
through their bodies. Dozens were  
smothered to death, some were  
burned, still others were crushed and  
beaten to death by the flying timbers.

"Every physician in the city, and  
even the medical students, were at  
work Sunday night and all day Mon-  
day. I impressed two dentists myself,  
although I didn't want any teeth  
drawn. They worked like Trojans,  
too.

"Some of the taxicab drivers thought  
it was a golden opportunity to reap a  
harvest, and demanded huge sums for  
carrying the injured to the hospitals.  
The doctors wouldn't stand for any-  
thing like that, and I personally  
thrashed two drivers who presumed  
to haggle."

Another husky young doctor had an  
argument with a chauffeur, who de-  
manded \$5 apiece for conveying two  
injured women to a hospital. When  
he would not yield the physician  
seized a piece of board and knocked  
the man senseless with it. Then he  
took the chauffeur to the hospital with  
the women and ministered to him.

It is such incidents as this that evi-  
dence the fearful night of terror and  
paine and the day of sorrow that fol-  
lowed.

Hang to Roof Thirty Hours.  
After hanging to the roof of their  
home for thirty hours, with a strong  
wind blowing and a heavy snow fall-  
ing, August Schmidt, wife and two  
children were rescued. None of them  
could move a muscle, being chilled  
through. They were removed to Vnn  
Cleve School, where hundreds of other  
rescued were taken.

"I'd have fallen into the water if it  
hadn't been for daddy," exclaimed the  
little girl, who was first of the four to  
recover sufficiently to talk.

"When the water came into the  
house we had to climb on the roof.  
Daddy held me and mamma held  
brother. Oh, it was cold. I thought  
I was going to die, but daddy kept  
talking to me."

A little boy, who, during the night  
clung in full sight of the rescuers,  
was rescued. He probably will die.  
The little fellow was discovered after  
the flood had risen so high he could  
not weather the waters.

Heroic Rescues Common.  
From all parts of Dayton came sto-  
ries of heroic rescues. The stolid  
volunteers pay no attention to them.  
All of them for three days have con-  
stantly offered their lives to save  
others. Several of these men have  
given their lives on rescue work.

Their names are unknown. Watchers  
on the banks saw them trying to  
reach persons in floating houses, saw  
their boats upset and the men go  
down.

Late in the day a large frame house  
floated down the river. Four women  
were in the windows. As they neared  
the Main street bridge they waved at  
the crowd on the banks and the build-  
ing struck the pieces. There was a  
swirl in the murky waters and a lit-  
tle farther down stream the debris  
appeared, but none of the women.

Victims Are Cheerful.  
One of the remarkable features was  
the cheerful spirit with which flood  
victims viewed their plight. This was  
Dayton's first great flood in many  
years. Much of the submerged area  
had been considered safe from high  
water, but as the majority of resi-  
dents of these sections looked out on  
all sides upon a great sweep of muddy,  
swiftly moving water, they seemed un-  
disturbed.

In some of the poorer sections the  
attitude of the marooned was not so  
cheerful. As a motor boat passed be-  
fore the second floor of one partly  
submerged house a man leaned out  
and threatened to shoot unless they  
took off his wife and a baby that had  
just been born. The woman, almost  
dying, was let down from the window  
by a rope and taken to a place of  
refuge.

Further on, members of a motor  
boat party were startled by shots in  
the second floor of a house about  
which five feet of water swirled. The  
boat was stopped and a man peered  
from the window of the house.

"Why are you shooting?" he was  
asked.

"Oh, just amusing myself shooting  
at rats that come upstairs. When are  
you going to take me out of here?"  
he replied.

The bodies of a woman and a baby  
were seen floating down Jefferson  
street, one of Dayton's main thorough-  
fares. It was thought they came from  
the district north of the river.

places of safety, and on the roofs  
of buildings, only to die from expos-  
ure.

The suffering of the survivors hud-  
dled together in the marooned build-  
ings was awful. Food and water  
could not be taken to them.

Foreigners killed their country-  
men and even members of their fam-  
ilies in their desperate efforts to ob-  
tain food, according to John Volbrecht  
of Yukawa street, in North Dayton,  
who was taken from the one remain-  
ing abutments of the Herman street  
bridge. Volbrecht said he was at his  
home with his family when the flood  
struck North Dayton. The house was  
picked up by the current and car-  
ried against the Herman street bridge.  
Volbrecht said he clung to the bridge  
and didn't know what became of his  
family.

One woman with a ten-day-old baby  
climbed over the roofs of three houses  
to reach the rescuers.

Many Rescued by a Cable.  
Many thrilling stories were told by  
the Dayton refugees who had been  
trapped in their attics and on their  
roofs in the very heart of the flood.  
A. J. Bard of Belmont avenue, who  
was peered in the City National  
Bank building on Third street, near  
Main, Tuesday, was rescued.

"One hundred and fifty of us were  
caught in the building," said Mr.  
Bard. "We remained there until the  
fire started, then we began to plan an  
escape."

"We cut the elevator cable and ob-  
tained a ball of twine and some small  
wire from one of the offices. We at-  
tracted a boatman, who risked his life  
to come to us. We gave the boatman  
one end of the twine and he rowed to  
the old courthouse. He then pulled  
the wire over and after that the heavy  
cable.

"One end of the cable was made  
fast in the bank building and the  
other in the old courthouse. Then,  
with only the light of the burning  
structure, the 150 persons in the bank  
building made their way, hand over  
hand, along the cable over the swirl-  
ing torrent to the courthouse. I be-  
lieve every one, men and women,  
made the trip in safety. During our  
imprisonment I had two crackers and  
a slice of chipped beef to eat."

Only Doctor a Drug Fiend.  
Terrible scenes were reported from  
West Indianapolis. Conditions in the  
flooded district were made worse by  
the fact that the only physician who  
was there to attend sufferers was a  
victim of the morphine habit. In the  
Methodist church a woman rescued  
from the bottoms gave premature  
birth to twins. The physician, what  
with the horror of his duty and his in-  
ability to obtain more of the drug,  
went insane, and after making three  
unsuccessful attempts to jump from  
a window, was placed in a straight  
jacket.

Forty Dead at Bridge.  
Richard Lee, an engineer on the  
Pennsylvania, who brought in the last  
train over that line from Logansport,  
reported a terrible condition at the  
Pennsylvania bridge over the Wabash  
on the outskirts of Logansport.

"This bridge is braced across an  
island and is as near indestructible as  
a bridge can be made," said Mr. Lee.  
"It is eighteen miles down stream  
from Peru and has caught all the  
debris from that town."

"I think we saw the remains of  
more than 100 houses stacked up  
against this bridge, with the current  
tugging and pulling at them. We  
could make out thirty or forty dead  
bodies in the crushed lumber, and it  
seemed as if some section of Peru  
must have been overwhelmed sudden-  
ly and swept down stream to destruc-  
tion."

Robber Prices of Boatmen.  
Boatmen in Peru, Ind., reaped for-  
tunes by carrying flood sufferers  
from the danger zone at exorbitant  
prices, according to M. S. Scott, a  
travelling salesman of New York, who  
arrived from Peru with two other  
travelling men.

"The condition at Peru," said Mr.  
Scott, "cannot be told. I was at a  
hotel across the street from the court  
house and last night six babies were  
born to women who lay on the bare  
floor of the building. When we learned  
of this we had them rowed across the  
street and gave them our rooms. The  
boatmen charged \$5 each to row three  
women across the street. We paid  
\$15 to be hauled three miles, and  
were lucky to get off that cheaply."

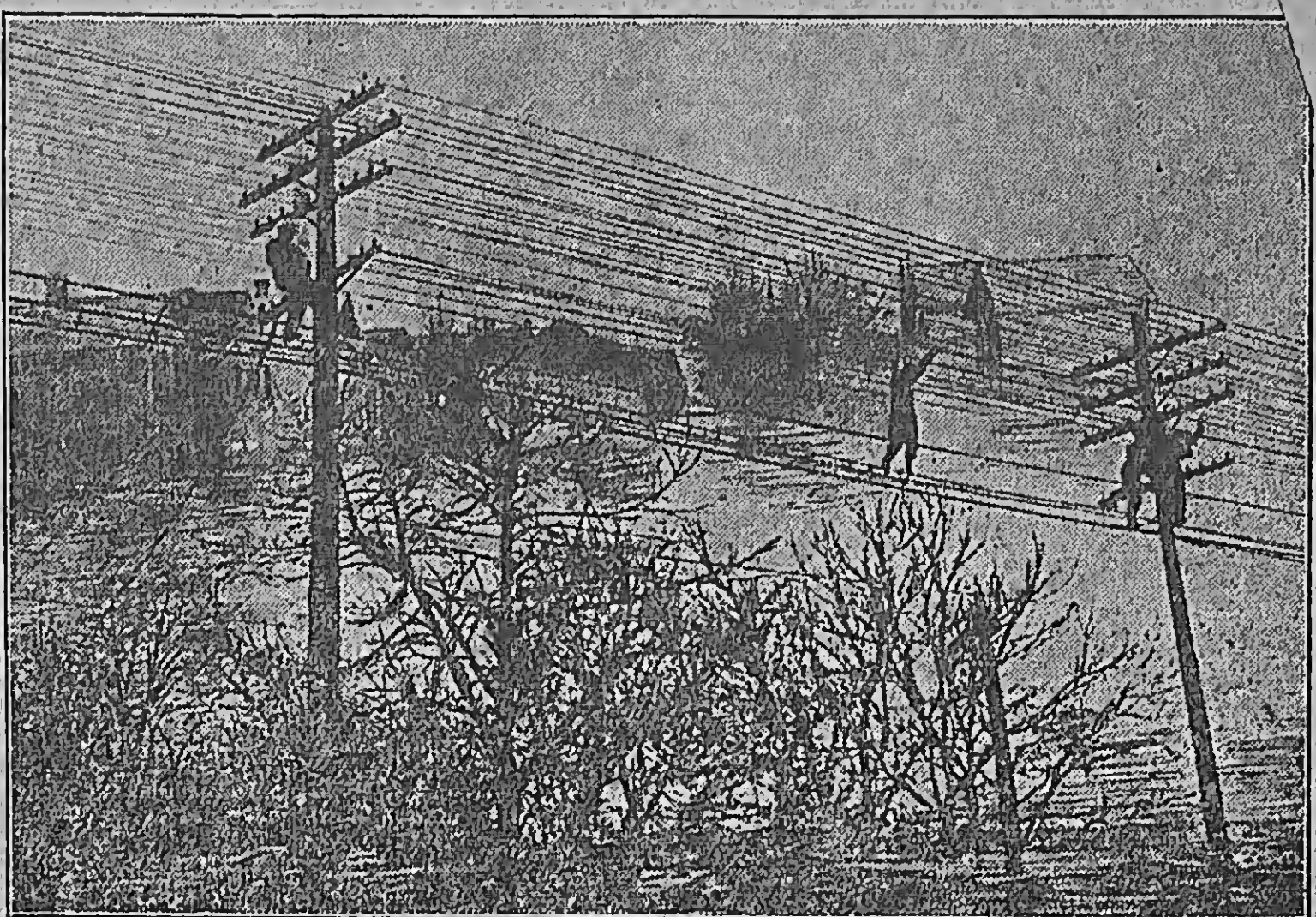
Passengers Give Refund Money.  
The flood relief fund collected in  
Chicago was increased \$152 by the  
two hours' delay of the Twentieth  
Century Limited from New York. For  
every hour the train is late the pas-  
sengers are given \$1 by the company.  
It arrived in Chicago two hours be-  
hind time.

J. L. Daube of Philadelphia con-  
ceived the idea of giving the \$2 which  
would be refunded by the railroad  
company to the fund. He made known  
his intentions to Joseph Horowitz of  
New York and Fred K. Townsend of  
Rochester, who also were passengers.  
They became enthusiastic and formed  
a committee to collect the refund  
alms of all the passengers on the train.

Out of eighty passengers seventy-  
six readily gave up their alms. Among  
the four was an Englishman just ar-  
rived. The flood situation was ex-  
plained to him and Daube pictured the  
sufferings of the victims.

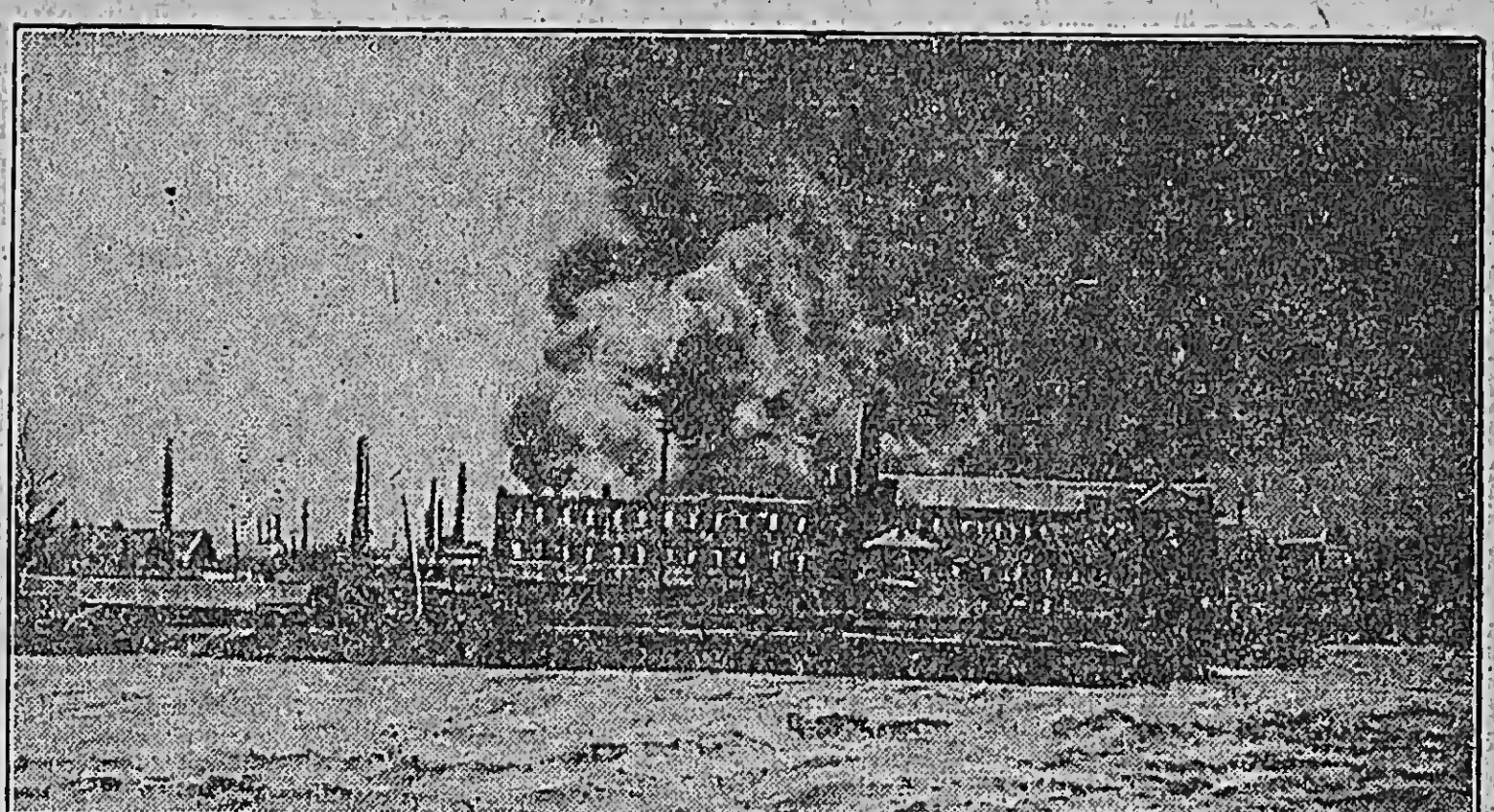
"I don't believe it," declared the  
Englishman. "It is some bally Ameri-  
can scheme to defraud strangers.  
Show me your credentials. I never  
heard of any flood. I know all about  
your schemes in this country to de-  
fraud travelers."

## WALKING TO SAFETY ON TELEGRAPH CABLES



When the flood struck Dayton, causing tremendous loss of life and property, some of the inhabitants sought safety from the waters by walking along the telegraph cables, as shown in this remarkable photograph.

## FIRE ADDED TO FLOOD AT COLUMBUS



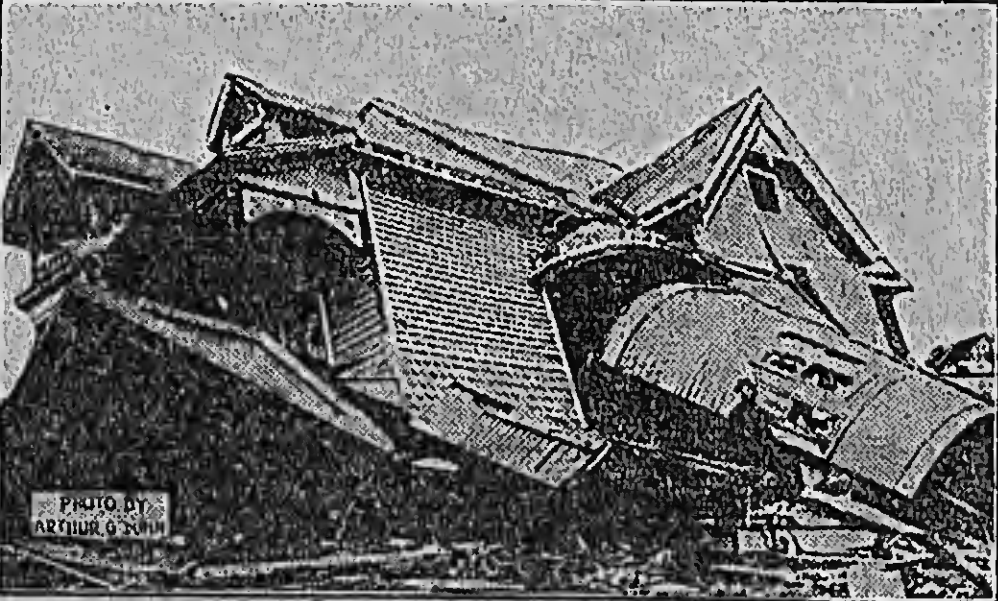
View of one of the big factory buildings at Columbus, O., which caught fire while surrounded by the raging waters of the Scioto river and was consumed.

## SCENE ON THE FLOODED MIAMI



This is a scene on the raging Miami river at Dayton, O., where hun-  
dreds of lives have been lost in the floods.

## WHAT THE CYCLONE DID TO OMAHA



Here is a photograph of one of the homes that stood in the path of the  
cyclone that struck Omaha. It is typical of the present condition of hun-  
dreds of residences in that city.

## STORM SWEEPS EAST

Pennsylvania, Virginia, Ken-  
tucky and N. Y. Suffer.

Flood Waters Do Great Damage in  
Many Eastern States—Thousands  
Are Periled.

Chicago, March 29.—Serious flood  
conditions prevail in the Wyoming  
valley in Pennsylvania, the greater  
part of which is under water. Many  
towns are isolated and the full ex-  
tent of the damage cannot be es-  
timated as yet. The Susquehanna river  
has attained a height of 23 feet, but  
late reports show that it is slowly re-  
ceding, and the outlook becomes more  
hopeful. Hundreds of families  
throughout the valleys have been  
forced to flee from their homes. The  
militia is on patrol duty in several  
districts. Considerable damage is re-  
ported from Wilkesbarre.

The western portion of Virginia has  
been deluged and a gale has wrecked  
many homes and buildings. Railroad  
traffic has been paralyzed by floods  
and hundreds are homeless.

Thousands of lives have been im-  
periled by the floods throughout Ken-  
tucky and property has been damaged  
to the extent of hundreds of thou-  
sands. The Ohio river is rising and  
many towns and cities will be flooded  
when the height of the river is in-  
creased by the flood waters from Ohio.

In the vicinity of Rochester, in  
western New York, the flood condi-  
tions remain serious, and unless the  
rivers recede within the next few  
hours serious damage will be done to  
many houses and factories. Several  
blocks are now under water and base-  
ments of many stores have been  
flooded.

A heavy storm has swept over the  
central and southern portions of New  
Jersey. Considerable damage has  
been done by high winds and swollen  
streams.

Following the general storm, which  
caused much damage in all parts of  
Delaware, the temperature dropped  
suddenly and a big freeze was felt  
in the fruit growing sections. It was  
announced that the peach crop had  
not been damaged.

The storm which raged over the  
major portion of the state of Vermont  
has filled all the streams flowing into  
the Connecticut river full to the point  
of overflowing.







# LOCAL ITEMS

## Local Announcement and the Elgin Butter Market.

LGIN, Ill., March 31—The committee are butter at 35c.

New Spring hints at Webb's. adv

A full line of kerosene and gasoline at Hunt's. adv

Clean, alfalfa and timothy seeds at Webb's. adv

AZelinger of Chicago, spent Monday in Antioch.

and Mrs. D. A. Williams spent Sunday in Chicago.

born to Mr. and Mrs. Lew Van Dine, a son, Saturday, March 29.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Webb of Waukegan are visiting Antioch relatives this week.

Matinee every Saturday afternoon at the Crystal Theatre. Good music. Admission 10 cents.

For Sale—Italian Runner duck eggs, standard, fawn and white, 75c per 13. Oliver R. Cupon. adv

There will be German Lutheran services at the Christian Church on next Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Wednesday last week Mrs. James Wilton received a fall in which she was unfortunate enough to sustain a broken leg.

Mrs. J. H. Goodrich returned home Saturday after having spent the past five weeks with relatives at Minneapolis, Minn.

For Sale—200 or more bushels of good, home grown, tested seed oats at 45 cents a bushel. John Peterson, on Simon Hoye farm. 2w

Lost—Pocket book containing small amount of money, between Mr. Chin's news stand and the residence of Sam Riles. Liberal reward given to the finder for its return to this office. adv

Harry Key, who has been employed by the Bell Telephone Co., as trouble man in the district for the past four years has resigned his position.

There will be a "Hard Time" social at the Holy church on Wednesday evening, March 9. Everyone invited. Admission 10c.

For Sale—Regenerated select Swedish Oats, free from smut and foul seed. These oats threshed out over 75 bushels per acre in year 1913. In A. Thain, adv

We can boast of a first class exclusive music store in the Van Patten building and as the prices are right they are desiring your patronage. Give them a call.

Halfa, Clover, Timothy, Rape and Milt seeds at Hunt's. This same seed is being used by the Wisconsin Agricultural Department at Wilson. adv

Herbert E. Jack has been appointed a delegate by Gov. Dunn to represent Illinois at the first National Conference on Marketing and Farm Credits to be held in Chicago April 8, 9 and 10.

For Sale, a 7 room house, large lot, od bare, hen house, fine garden, fruit trees and small fruit, good location, city water, cement sidewalk, very reasonable if sold before April 1. Joseph C. Ames. adv

Living Mud.

In China during the rainy season the amount of mud in certain marshy provinces is incredible and appalling. It is, in fact, as much as two, three and even four feet deep. Tourists say that to see wagons and men and animals pushing through this brown and viscous mud is as ugly a sight as can well be imagined. But there's a sight more horrible still—the sight of the living mud. Sometimes, as you stand on the edge of one of these awful expanses, the mud begins to move. It rises up and down. It forms itself into strange mounds. It is like a great cauldron of witch's stew. As you puzzle over the ugly spectacle the hideous forms of a dozen land crabs, coated thick with mud, emerge near you. A dozen more toil painfully forth on your right, another dozen on your left. And then you understand. This cauldron of moving, living mud is due to thousands of great land crabs wallowing in its depths.

### AUCTION SALE

The undersigned will sell at Public Auction at her home on Lake street, on Monday, April 7, commencing at one o'clock sharp the following household goods: 5-piece parlor suite, bed room set, 2 cupboards, water tank, kitchen table, small dining table, single bed, springs and mattress, 2 rocking chairs, 1 dozen chairs, carpets, kerosene stove with oven and other small articles. Terms cash. Mrs. Efinger, Prop.

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Gifford*

Seed oats at Hunt's. adv

Cerise flour at Webb's. adv

New line of work shirts and overalls at Webb's. adv

For Sale—Northern Wisconsin Russian White seed oats. C. R. Thorn, Antioch.

E. G. Thom, Veterinarian, will locate in Bristol, Wis., about April 12, 1913, your patronage solicited.

For Sale Cheap—A Sixty Light Eagle Acetylene Lighting machine in good condition. Inquire of D. A. Williams, Antioch. adv 27-4

Of the entire 441 ballots cast at the election last Tuesday only one was defective, and that was on account of some one voting for both supervisors.

For Sale—An Arabian mare, gentle, anyone can drive, also a three year-old Arabian colt. Can be seen on the farm 1 mile north-east of Antioch. A. Zelinger. adv 2w

Rev. Stixrud has received a call to aid in raising a fund for the relief of the flood sufferers. A collection for that purpose was taken up Sunday morning and also expressed the intention of making a house to house canvass later in the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Savage and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Savage, who have been spending the winter at Leesburg, Florida, returned to Antioch this week.

About thirty of the young people enjoyed a party in the Woodman hall on last Thursday evening. The evening was spent playing games and dancing and everyone enjoyed the occasion to the fullest extent.

Mrs. Clyde Preston met with quite a serious accident Sunday morning while on her way to church. When about to turn in at the Catholic church yard her horse shied at a pile of brick at the roadside, tipping over the buggy and throwing her out. One rib was broken and she was otherwise bruised. The buggy was demolished and the harness broken into bits.

### Resuscitation After Hanging.

Resuscitation after hanging, as the Southwark Coroner remarked, is not uncommon. In 1705 a housebreaker named Smith was hung up at Tyburn. A reprieve came after he had been suspended for a quarter of an hour, and he was taken down, bled, and revived. One William Duell, duly hanged in London in 1740, was taken to Surgeons' Hall to be anatomized, but came to life again, and was transported. At Cork a man hanged in January, 1767, for a street robbery, was immediately after hurried to a surgery, where an incision was made in his windpipe, and he recovered and went to the theater the same evening. And after Fauntleroy, the banker and forger, was executed in 1824, there was a widespread rumor that he had escaped death by the insertion in his throat of a silver tube which prevented strangulation, and that on being restored to consciousness he went abroad and lived for many years.—London Chronicle.

### Notice.

On account of a rumor having recently been circulated about town to the effect that I have not in reality purchased the business of Tiffany & Felter, but have merely been employed by them to take charge until they have collected some of their accounts, I take this means to say that this story is absolutely without foundation, as my bill of sale, which I am more than willing to show to anyone who inquires, will prove. I wish to thank the public for their kind and liberal patronage, during my first month in business and hope that I may receive a continuance of the same. Very truly yours, Frank J. Hunt.

### Notice

Having sold my business I am about to leave Antioch, and I would request all those knowing themselves indebted to me to call and settle at once or their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney, and interest charged. Wm. Garret. adv

Good work shoes at Webb's for \$2 and \$2.50. adv

Miss Elizabeth Webb visited in Chicago several days last week.

Up-to-date dress shirts at Chase Webb's. adv

Mrs. Sherwood was a Waukegan visitor Saturday.

For Sale—Good work horse and sulky plow. T. R. Wilton, Antioch. 3w-adv

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Millett have decided to make their future home at Lake Mills, Wis., and will leave for that place on Saturday of this week.

Mrs. Arthur Edgar, daughter and sister Mrs. Smith of Trevor, last Tuesday afternoon for Minnesota to visit their sister.

### Good Reason.

Bertie—"What makes you think I've got a sense of humor?" Gertie—"Your self-appreciation."—Harvard Lampoon.

### Cord of Thanks

We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us during the last sickness and death of our father.

Samuel Strahan, John Strahan, Mrs. Mary Marshall, Mrs. John Spears.

### M. E. CHURCH NOTES

Have you given anything for the Pipe Organ or the Parsonage Debt Fund yet?

Don't forget to buy a ticket for the Winston Jubilee entertainment, April 18. It is for the benefit of the Pipe Organ Fund. Tickets 25 cents.

If everything plans out all right we expect to have the new organ dedicated on July 7, at which time Dr. Leemann will preach at the morning service and Rev. E. J. Aikin at the evening service.

The Epworth League will give a Penny Social on Thursday evening April 10. Admission one penny for each letter in your name. Refreshments served at 8 o'clock. Come on time and have a good time.

Don't neglect to help us raise the money still needed for the Pipe Organ and Debt Fund. We can't order the organ until we have enough money subscribed and paid to liquidate our \$350 parsonage debt. We need your help. One share of \$5 will help, of course we need some to give \$10 or more if all is to be raised. Please let me know what you will give at once. Money payable to Mr. Ziegler on or before May 1. A. O. Stixrud, Pastor.

### HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

The Zoology class wishes to know whether wasps embalm, hypnotize pickles or put in cold storage the spiders they store as food for their young.

Last week's visitors were Miss Susie Calugi of Whitewater, Wis., Agnes Messing of Antioch; Paul King of Lake Villa and Mr. Littlejohn of Dekalb.

Harold chose for his theme, "My First Experience on Roller Skates."

Final examination in Civics this week.

The Advanced American History class is studying the government and History of Illinois.

Dolphie, you'd better cultivate a pompadour then you won't have to comb your hair so often and that looking glass will not be such a familiar looking object.

The girls are counting the days until the tennis court can be laid out.

Daniel, what was your mark in deportment?

Mary's cheerful countenance has not been seen in the H. S. room.

Ask "B. B." how she likes to be a hat model.

### FINALLY GOT RID OF SUITOR

Tired Melden Accepted His Offered Life, and Under the Circumstances What Could He Do?

He was a theatrical lover, and she didn't like his style in the least, for he was constant in his devotion, which made matters worse. She had tried gentle means to get rid of him, but he had disregarded them with painful persistency.

"Dear one," he exclaimed, hurrying himself tragically at her feet, "I love you! My life is yours! Will you take it?"

She did, and not like a murderess, but she responded, with calm determination:

"I will."

He gazed at her rapturously.

"Don't do that," she begged, drawing back from him as if in horror. "I have taken your life, as you requested me to do, and you are henceforth to all intents and purposes dead."

He seemed dazed.

"I do not," she continued, turning aside, "desire to have a dead person in the house, and if you do not go away at once I shall send for an undertaker and have you removed to the nearest cemetery."

Then the dreadful situation in which his own precipitate folly had placed him was revealed, and he removed himself with promptness and dispatch.

## You'd think it a Gift of Fortune

if you found a servant always ready always willing, never tiring to perform the heaviest work for lifelong wages

### Electricity will do it

Provide yourself with the necessary appliances, press a button—that's all.

This is a feature of the service possible in a wired house that attractive inspiring.

If your house isn't wired we will wire it for you and spread the payments over 24 months

PUBLIC SERVICE CO. Of Northern Illinois

W. E. VOLKMAN, Prop.

### DEAR MR. CUSTOMER—

Don't be weak on the price proposition, it's really a secondary consideration.

"Quality is remembered long after price is forgotten"

A growth based on honest endeavor to give quality, to emphasize the good, to avoid error, is permanent and carries within itself an impetus for continual advancement.

We handle the very best material on the market, and our prices are based upon the Quality of the article.

PLUMBING & HEATING, a specialty. Strictly sanitary plumbing (Guaranteed) whether your water supply is from city or otherwise.

Prices and Estimates given on the following

Hot water, steam, warm air furnace heating, acetylene and gasoline gas piping and fixtures, pneumatic water supply systems, gasoline and kerosene engines, pumps and well supplies, pipe and fittings, galvanized iron cornices, eaves troughs and gutter, builders hardware, stoves and ranges, gasoline and kerosene stoves, fishing tackle, American wire field fences, guns and ammunition, National copper cable lighting rods and General Repairing

Ask for our HOME TRADE PRICE MAKER

### CATALOGUE

Illustrating and Quoting Exceptionally low prices, on

MERCHANDISE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Williams Bros. Antioch Store Inc. Established 1871

Phones—Long Distance and Farmers Line

### Played His Own Wedding March.

In a wedding ceremony at the Holy Rosary Catholic church of Reading, Pa., the bridegroom, Giovanni Pace, organist of the church, played his own wedding march while the rest of the bridal party entered the church and advanced to the altar. At the conclusion of the march the bridegroom proceeded to the chancel rail and met his bride.

### THE VALUE OF EXPERIMENTS.

A letter from a western agricultural college says:

"When any experiment at the agricultural college falls in the future the public is to know about it. That is to say, the details of the experiment are to be printed exactly as if it had succeeded."

The question is, how can an experiment that is properly carried out be a failure? Does not every experiment prove something—positively or negatively? If a man should set out to prove that seawater was the best material to feed to live stock and the animals should all die from starvation, the experiment would not be a failure. It would be a disappointment to the one who had failed to prove his point, but it would not be a failure, because it would prove absolutely that what had been supposed to be true was not true at all. Therefore, the experiment itself would be a success.

A good friend has told us of an incident during his service as president of a western agricultural college. The director of the experiment had announced an experiment that was to be conducted with Russian apples. After some time had elapsed our friend asked the director why he did not publish the results. "Publish," said he, testily; "why the blamed thing did not come out the way I wanted it to! That is not the true spirit of research. The result is not to be forecasted. The experiment should be conducted first, thoroughly, open-mindedly, and the conclusions fairly drawn upon the basis of results.—From Ohio Farmer, February 23, 1913.



### Let Us Present You

with a bath room plan you can have executed by Spring if you act quickly. Nothing very expensive about it, yet it includes everything necessary for handsome and sanitary bath room. Our plumbing work is included in the cost, with no extra charges as a joker. Think it over.

The Antioch Garage W. E. VOLKMAN, Prop.

### HUMAN BEING AS A FACTO

Writing in Atlantic Monthly, Ger Stanley Lee Made a Remarkably Comprehensive Comparison.

A human being is a kind of factory. The engine and the works and all the various machines are kept in the basement, and he sends down orders to them from time to time, and they do the work which has been conceived up in headquarters. He expects the works down below to keep on doing these things without his taking any particular notice of them, while he occupies his mind, as the competent head of a factory should, with the things that are new and different and special, and that his mind alone can do; the things which, at least in their present initial formative or creative stage, no machines as yet have been developed to do, and which can only be worked out by the man up in the headquarters, himself, personally, by the handwork of his own thought.

The more a human being develops, the more delicate, sensitive, strong and efficient, the more spirit-informed, once for all, the machines in the basement are. As he grows, the various subconscient arrangements for discriminating, assimilating, classifying material, for pumping up power, light, and heat to headquarters, all of which can be turned on at will, grow more masterful every year. They are found all slaving away for him, dimly, down in the dark, while he sleeps. They hand him up, in his very dreams, new and strange powers to live and to know with—Gerald Stanley Lee, in the Atlantic.



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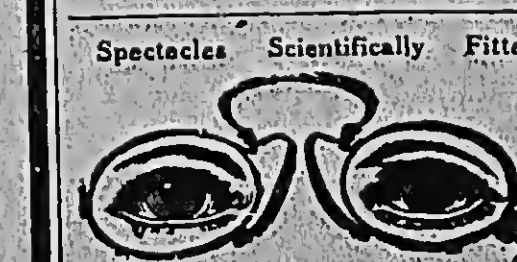
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### Lotus Camp No. 557 M. W. A.

Meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting neighbors always welcome. ED. GARRETT, V. G. J. O. James, Clerk

### T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Brokers Number 24 North Dearborn St. Diamonds, Watches and all kinds of Jewels less than cost. At half the price you pay regular stores. Dec 1901

### TAN SHOES

A new lot of ladies' tan button shoes, Correct last, best Russia calf

\$3.50

Antioch Cash Shoe Store

GOOD SHOES





# The Glow of the Rubies

by FRANCIS PERRY ELLIOTT  
ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS  
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## SYNOPSIS

Richard Lightnut, an American with an affected English accent, receives a present from a friend in China. The present proves to be a pair of pajamas. A letter hints of surprises to the wearer. Lightnut dons the pajamas and late at night goes up for a smoke. His servant, Jenkins, comes in and, failing to recognize Lightnut, attempts to put him out, thinking the servant crazy. Lightnut changes his clothes intending to summon help. When he reappears Jenkins falls on his neck with joy, confessing Lightnut's belief that he is crazy. Jenkins tells Lightnut of the encounter he had with a hideous Chinaman, dressed in pajamas. In a message from his friend Jack Billings, Lightnut is asked to put up "the kid" for the night on his way home from college. Later Lightnut finds a beautiful girl in black pajamas in his room. Lightnut is shocked by the girl's drinking, smoking and slangy talk. She tells him her name is Francis and puzzles him with a story of her love for her sister's room-mate, named Frances. Next morning the girl is missing and Lightnut hurries to the boat to see her off. He is accosted by a husky college boy, who calls him "Dickie," but he does not see the girl. Jack Billings calls to spend the night with Lightnut. They discover priceless rubies hidden in the buttons of the pajamas. Billings dons the pajamas and retires. Lightnut later discovers in his courtyard a heavy person in cotton-chop whickers and wearing pajamas. Jenkins calls the police, who declare the intruder to be a criminal, called "Foxy Grandpa." The intruder declares he is Lightnut's guest and appeals to the latter in vain. He is hustled off to jail. In the morning Lightnut is astonished when he gets a message from the latter, demanding his clothes. Lightnut, bound for Tarrytown, Billings' home, discovers "Frances," the girl of the pajamas, on the train. Lightnut speaks to her and alludes to the night before. She declares indignantly that Lightnut never saw her in black pajamas. At Tarrytown, Frances is met by a husky college boy, who calls Lightnut a "Dickie." The latter ignores the boy, who then threatens to throw him for offending Frances. The professor takes the next train home. Billings storms over the outrage of his arrest. He and Lightnut discover mysterious Chinese characters on the pajamas. Professor Doosenberry is called in to interpret the hieroglyphics. He reveals one and calls the last silk of Billings-Chi. The writing declares that a person wearing the pajamas will take on the semblance of the previous wearer. The professor borrows the pajamas for experiment. "Billings" dressed in pajamas is found in the professor's room and is taken home in an automobile with Frances and a woman. Lightnut calls "the frump," Lightnut is angered by the frump's slanderous talk about "Frances." "Billings" is taken to his room. A servant tells Lightnut that a message came from Frances, advising that Billings was under arrest in New York for stealing a suit of black pajamas. Judge Billings admonishes Lightnut with a tale of "Frances" escapades. Lightnut asks permission to speak to "Frances." The judge declares that not another living person would be in the job, and Lightnut, his mind occupied with the beautiful Frances, is greatly mystified. Policeman O'Keefe returns the black pajamas and Lightnut sends them to Billings' room. Lightnut has an interesting hour with Frances. He tells of the things the judge has been saying about "Frances," much to "Frances'" amusement. Judge Billings refuses to interfere for a man under arrest claiming to be his son Jack.

## CHAPTER XXVII.—(Continued.)

"Thank you—thank you, my boy!" He patted me on the back. "And as you'll have an opportunity of seeing a little more of that charming girl, Miss Kirkland—Charming girl, indeed! I wondered what she would think if he knew of her designs on poor Jack! I want you to go in for her a bit—cultivate her a little; you may change your opinion—eh?" He laughed softly and paused in our progress through the library to dig me sharply in the side. "Go ahead—flirt with her, my boy! She will like it—all girls do, and it will do you good; do both of you good!"

"Thank you," I said rather coldly, "but I don't think that—er—sort of thing would show much consideration for Frances—and"

"Rubbish!" And, by Jove, how he laughed! "Do you think Francis would show any consideration for you?"—he snapped his fingers. "I think you're a bit too quixotic, young man!"

I didn't know—don't know now; never was up on any of those legal terms. He knew what he meant!

"Pshaw, now!" he went on, "if that's what's restraining you, you must drop it! I want you to have a pleasant time while you are here with Miss Kirkland—get along with you!"—then he pulled me back again—"You needn't be thinking about the slightest obligation, so far as Francis is concerned. Why should you when the affair is all one-sided?"

"One—sided?" I repeated falteringly.

"Why, yes; the girl doesn't care for anybody in the whole world except her old father—and he idolizes her!"

Oh, did he!

"So you go on in there and loosen up—have a good time—and make her have one; and keep it up this afternoon. I'm so anxious for you to find something to interest and occupy you—"

But I had caught the back of a chair.

"Dog-fight?" I said faintly. "Frances up in the hills—and with Scoggins?" And she had only left me a half-hour ago!

"Why, certainly!" he said wearily, almost testily. "What of it? I tell you you've got to get your ideas all readjusted about Francis. What's the matter with the dog-fight?"

"So—surprised?" I faltered; "so unexpected, you know!"

"Poof!"—and he pushed me out through the doorway—"I never have anything unexpected in that quarter!"

But I think he would have, if he had followed me across into the dining-room and had faced, as I did—

Frances!

"So glad you didn't go to the dog-fight!" I said presently, beaming across at her delightedly.

Her sweet lips glowed at me as her dainty fingers poised the tiny trident before her lips. Jove, how I envied that jolly oyster! Then she smiled wittily, teasingly.

"It wasn't because I didn't have an invitation," she responded archly. "I knew! That beast, Scoggins!"

"Umph," grunted the frump, seated on the curve between us. "I verily believe Francis would go to anything!"

I scowled—couldn't help it, dash it! And Frances saw, and ducked her head, biting her lip and blushing. "I could have choked the frump for so embarrassing her!"

Yet the woman did try to be pleasant to me.

"Did you ever find a pearl in an oyster, Mr. Lightnut?" she asked.

"By Jove, no!" I said, staring at her for the fool question. For who could ever lose a pearl in a jolly oyster, don't you know? And yet, the next instant—

"I have!" said my darling, glancing up at me the oddest way.

"Have you, Frances?"—the frump faced her interestedly. "You should examine with a microscope the inter-stratifications of calcareous matter and animal membrane."

My beauty looked down at her plate.

"I am examining it," she said gravely, "and microscopically. Probably shall this afternoon."

But she didn't! No; by Jove, we were together almost all the afternoon, though we never could get away from the frump—dash it, she just took charge of us. And it was the same again in the evening. By Jove, it was disgusting—really, that's the only word to use—the way that woman assumed toward everybody the air of expect-to-be-mistress-here-some-day-and-might-as-well-begin-now!

Once she did break away from us for fifteen minutes while she went up to see how Jack was. She came back much relieved.

"How so glad to see me," she said, "and he kissed me twice. We

ed me to think that, but I had heard the butter tell the frump that the judge was reading.

"Don't expect to retire at all," he continued; "and then there's my promise to my poor boy—I must keep that somehow; never failed on a promise in my life—I mean, you know, about wearing his new pajamas." He shook his head sadly.

"I'll be sure!"—and I swallowed hard—Jove, but the very word, "pajamas," gave me cold shivers!

"And, my boy, I haven't forgotten my promise to you, either," he continued, smiling kindly and replenishing my glass to the brim. "I'm still going to have a word with Francis to-night—that is, if they ever get back from that infernal dog-fight—I want to pay the way for you, you know."

"Thanks, awfully!" I murmured nervously.

Somehow, I felt mean—always hate to feel mean, dash it!—felt almost like a jolly cad, in fact. Couldn't tell him how far Frances and I had progressed already; he might take it out on her, you know. And then, to find out that he didn't know she hadn't gone to the dog-fight after all!

"Well," he sighed, "I will manage it all somehow, even about the pajamas. Perhaps, when the house is quiet, I may—here, have another—oh, yes, you must—won't hurt you; only a pint or so of rum in the whole mixture. Fine, isn't it? Yes, I think Wilkes is certainly an artist when it comes to a nightcap. Now, let me fill yours again—oh, yes!"—and he did it—"Won't hurt a baby—make you sleep tight, you know!"

And, by Jove, I had to go it!

"Well," he shifted as if to go, and sent me a smile over his glass's rim, "pleasant dreams!"

And then the door closed behind our "good nights."

Jenkins was studying me somberly.

"Yes, sir," he said presently, when I had made comment about the bully punch. And that was about all I could get out of him, until he was ready to push out the light.

Then he addressed me gleefully:

"Good night, sir," he said with a sickly, feeble smile. "I hope you'll sleep well; and—" he coughed faintly—"and—er—wake up—h'm—all right!"

"Frisley as a—" I punched my head



I mumbled reply, gulping down the glass of ice-water he tendered.

He rubbed his hands one over the other and stooped above me anxiously.

"I hope, sir, you're not in much pain—from last night, sir, I mean?"

"Pain?" I ejaculated crossly. "Why should I be in pain? Don't be a silly ass!"

"Yes, sir!"—very softly, and with a deep sigh as he dropped back. By Jove, he looked as cheerful as a jolly tombstoner!

"What the deuce—" I began.

"Nath—nothing, sir!"—hastily—"I was just a-thinking of the—h'm—may I say scrimmage, sir?"

I waited till I had taken from his hand the second glass of ice-water, and swallowed it, thinking maybe I would get hold of it—the dashed idea, I mean.

I batted at him perplexedly.

"What was that? Scrimmage? I don't remember hearing anything—what's that?"

And I reached for another glass.

"Pardon, sir—" Jenkins' eye shifted unhappily; "but may I ask, sir, what is the last thing you do remember?"

"Eh?"

I sat up a bit straighter, rubbing my head and devilish annoyed at being made to try to think at all. Then I remembered: We were in a jolly blue aeroplane drawn by golden humming-birds and she was just telling me—no, dash it, that was a dream—just a dashed dream! I groaned, dropping my head upon my knees. "Why, the last thing I remember was the punch—"

"Punch—yes, sir!" And Jenkins sighed.

"Your punch to put out the light," I finished. Then I looked at him, startled. "Oh, I say, now, it wasn't burglars, was it?"

You see, I thought at once of Foxy Grandpa and my darling's pajamas.

"Not precisely, sir," Jenkins hesitated, then moved a little nearer. "I—hope you'll pardon me, Mr. Lightnut, sir; but I can't help a feeling that you ought to know everything before—h'm—I was going to say, sir, before you see the family. I hope you'll pardon me, sir!"—he bowed desperately—"I mean about all that happened last night."

I stared. "Oh, I say, Jenkins," I said, with an anxious thought, "you didn't—er—you know—I mean you and Wilkes didn't drink the rest of the punch—after he took it away, you know—eh?"

"Me?" Jenkins' hand clutched the heavy brass curve at the foot of the bed. "No, sir!"—and he added sadly: "Besides, sir, there wasn't any rest of it!" Mr. Wilkes—I mean Wilkes, was a—commenting on it. That was how I came to find I didn't have any more of the blank plodges. So I just walked across the park to get some extra ones I had given the gardener, and he said I could have 'em all; if I'd just let him get a little sleep; and he chucked 'em all out of his window. Soemed irritated like because I woke him up. And then, sir, I don't know whether it was because of the splashing of the fountains, but I had an idea.

"That's nothing," I said contemptuously. "I often do at night when I hear water splashing. I often got up and got something."

Jenkins' face sobered. "I know it, sir—pardon, sir, I mean I frequently know you have—h'm—know by the glasses—you understand, sir!" Then he went on: "The idea that came to me was a great liberty—I know that, sir, and I'm sorry—but I guess I was thinking that about the end justifies you know it, sir?"

I didn't know, but I did wish he would make an end!

"The library windows was open on the loggia, sir, and when I looked in, I didn't see anybody and I thought—" Jenkins coughed and looked devilish rattled—"thought I would just slip in and lay a few of the temperance pledges between the papers the judge had been working on." Jenkins reddened, looking at me in an appealing way.

"Jove!" I ejaculated, staring. "Oh, I say, now!"

"Yes, sir," faintly—"I know how you would feel—I ain't excusing myself, sir; and when I heard your voice I tried to get out, but there wasn't time, so—" Jenkins touched his hands in front, then behind him, and shifted distressfully, "I—I hid behind the alcove curtains—h'm—and just then—"

"Here!" I broke in, "Wait, dash it! Whose voice did you hear?"

Jenkins' eyes ducked.

"Yours, sir," he said faintly. "And then you came in."

I stared, trying to take it in. Couldn't chirp a word, don't you know, for to think I had taken to sleep—walking—and here!

(TO BE CONTINUED)



"By Jove, No!"

had such an interesting discussion about the amebae."

"The what?" asked Frances.

"The amebae—tiny animalcules, don't you know, that have the power of changing their form and appearance. Jacky thinks that perhaps man, too, in the process of time and evolution might—scientifically acquire this—"

"How silly!" laughed my darling. And I thought so too. Of course if a man looked like himself once, he would always look like himself. Any fool knew that!

Later, the judge came to my room, accompanied by Wilkes with some Heidelberg punch, frappe.

"Couldn't leave you out of this," he said genially; "besides, wanted to toast your first night under the roof of Wolhurst!"

"Hope they're making you comfortable," he went on. "Informal shame, so; so absurdly busy, you know—you understand?"

I pretended to, for I knew he want-

sleepily into the pillow—"na a jolly— But the idea wouldn't come!"

"Night!" I murmured; and let it go at that!

CHAPTER XXVIII.

The Demon Rum.

I didn't feel frisky when I awoke. No, dash it, I had a devilish headache and my mouth had that gummy, warm-variety taste—you know! The sunlight lay across the floor, and outside I could hear the jolly birds twittering among their what-its-names. Jenkins stood by the foot of the bed and somehow had a gloomy look. He cleared his throat, and I had a feeling that he had already done it several times. I raised to my elbow, mauling at him heavily.

"Morning, sir!" He said it very gently—"I thought solicitously. 'How do you feel, sir?' This last in the kind of tone you use when the chap's going to die tomorrow, don't you know, and doesn't know it yet himself."

Light of the Soul,  
The light by which we see this world comes out of the soul of the observer.—Emerson

## TARIFF LETTER READ THE DEAREST

PRESIDENT WILSON READS HIS MESSAGE TO CONGRESS TO CABINET.

### EMPHASIZE MONEY QUESTION

Chief Executive, in 1,200 Word Document, It is Stated, Will Confine His Suggestions to Duties—Wants Revision Downward.

Washington, March 31.—The final draft of his first message to congress, which he will send at the opening of the special session April 7, was read Friday by President Wilson to his cabinet.

The message, it can be said authoritatively, will confine itself to the tariff. In 1,200 words, it will give the president's views on this subject, and will state it is the president's position that nothing shall be done by either house to take from the tariff its place in the center of the legislative stage.

This does not mean that there is to be no other legislation during the session. It merely means that the president intends to use all his influence to see that nothing is allowed to interfere with first place for tariff revision downward.

The message is expected to put this in 60 many words, but it also will declare that a number of other subjects of vital importance to the American people are awaiting legislation—principally the currency question.

The president will specifically refrain from commenting upon these in this message, although reserving the right to touch upon them in later special messages should congress make sufficient headway with the tariff problem to leave room and time for other work at the special session.

In this connection it became known that Representative Carter Glass, chairman-to-be of the banking and currency committee of the new house, has completed the draft of a monetary revision bill and that it is ready for introduction whenever the president desires it. Representative Glass, however, will not put it in until President Wilson feels that its introduction will only add to the difficulties of the situation.

As far as President Wilson's views on the tariff are concerned, it can be stated that he will take the same ground he took in his speech of acceptance last summer, that the tariff must be taken out of politics, and that its revision downward should begin by taking out of every schedule every rate that can be construed as a "favor" to any industry.

"There should be immediate revision," he said at that time, "and it should be downward, unhesitatingly and steadily downward. It should begin with the schedules which have been used most obviously to kill competition and to raise prices in the United States arbitrarily and without regard to the prices prevailing elsewhere in the markets of the world, and it should, before it is finished or interrupted, be extended to every item in every schedule which affords any opportunity for monopoly, for special advantages to limited groups of beneficiaries or for subsidized control of any kind in the markets or the enterprises of the country, until special favors of every sort shall have been absolutely withdrawn and every part of our laws of taxation shall have been transformed from a system of governmental patronage into a system of just and reasonable charges which shall fall where they will create the least burden."

"When we shall have done that we can fix questions of revenues and of business adjustment in a new spirit. We shall be partners with the business men of the country, and a day of freer, more stable prosperity shall have dawned."

### TWO ALLENS ARE EXECUTED

Floyd and Claude Pay the Penalty for Murder in Electric Chair at Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Va., March 29.—Floyd and Claude Allen were electrocuted in the penitentiary here Friday. The execution of these men is the direct outcome of a partial massacre of the Hillsville courthouse March 14, 1912, which was engineered by Claude Allen and several of his relatives. On that occasion five persons were killed and wounded. Those killed were Judge Thornton Ansley, Commonwealth Attorney William M. Foster, Sheriff Lee F. Webb, Juror Fowler and Miss Elizabeth Ayers. The cause of the tragic assault on the officers of the law in the little mountain courthouse with the sentencing of Floyd Allen by Judge Ansley to three years' imprisonment for assaulting a deputy sheriff, who had arrested one or two of his nephews.

Amend Peace Terms.  
London, March 31.—Bulgaria accepted the offer of mediation made by the European powers Friday afternoon, but with many privileges that practically negated the proposals of the powers.

4 Killed by Dynamite Blast.  
Ottawa, Ont., March 31.—Four men, J. Carrior, R. Thobault, M. St. Louis and J. Morin, were killed and others injured as a result of an explosion at Scotstown, Que., Friday. Dynamite exploded.

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"I think I suffered every pain a woman could before I began taking Lydia E. Pinham's Vegetable Compound, and I think it saved this baby's life, as I lost my first one."

"My health has been very good ever since, and I praise your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. VERA WILKES, R. F. D. No. 1, Plattsburg, Miss.

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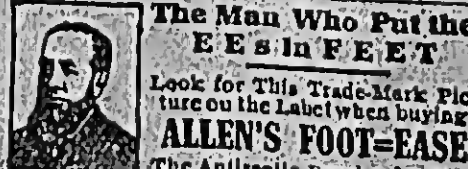
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